

## **ASTHMA DIAGNOSIS TOOL** Consider the diagnosis of asthma if patient states any of the following:

☐ Family history of asthma, allergies or eczema	☐ Symptoms occur seasonally	Symptoms when near ch	nemicals, dusts, fumes at work
☐ Symptoms worsened by URI lasting longer than	n ten days, smoke, allergens or $\epsilon$	exercise	

AND SPIROMETRY DEMONSTRATES OBSTRUCTION AND/OR REVERSIBILITY BY AN INCREASE IN FEV $_1$  OF 12% OR MORE AFTER BRONCHODILATOR. Rule out co-morbid conditions. If in doubt, consult with an asthma specialist.

HIGHEST LEVEL OF CHECKED BOX = SEVERITY LEVEL / FOLLOW SEVERITY LEVEL DOWN TO FIND TREATMENT STEP - SEE TREATMENT STEPWISE APPROACH

	INTERMITTENT	MILD PERSISTENT	MODERATE PERSISTENT	SEVERE PERSISTENT		
IMPAIRMENT	SYMPTOMS:  2x/week or less  NIGHTTIME AWAKENINGS:  2x/month or less  INTERFERENCE W/NORMAL ACTIVITY:  None  SHORT-ACTING B2-AGONIST USE:  2 days/week or less  LUNG FUNCTION:  FEV1 more than 80% pred.	SYMPTOMS:  More than 2x/week, not daily  NIGHTTIME AWAKENINGS:  More than 2x/month  INTERFERENCE W/NORMAL ACTIVITY:  Minor limitation  SHORT-ACTING B2-AGONIST USE:  More than 2 days/week but not daily or more than 1x/day  LUNG FUNCTION:  FEV1 more than 80% pred.	SYMPTOMS: Daily  NIGHTTIME AWAKENINGS: About 1x/week, not nightly  INTERFERENCE W/NORMAL ACTIVITY: Some limitation  SHORT-ACTING B2-AGONIST USE: Daily  LUNG FUNCTION: FEV1 60-80% pred.	SYMPTOMS:  Throughout the day  NIGHTTIME AWAKENINGS:  More than 1x/week, often nightly  INTERFERENCE W/NORMAL ACTIVITY:  Extremely limited  SHORT-ACTING B2-AGONIST USE:  Several times/day  LUNG FUNCTION:  FEV1 less than 60% pred.		
RISK	EXACERBATIONS REQUIRING ORAL STEROIDS:  All ages: 0-1/year	EXACERBATIONS REQUIRING ORAL STEROIDS: consider severity and interval since last exacerbation  ☐ Age 0-4: more than 2 in 6 months or more than 4 wheezing ☐ All ages: more than 2/year episodes/year lasting more than 1 day  • Exacerbations of any severity may occur in patients in any severity category. • Frequency and severity may fluctuate over time.				
TREATMENT STEP	✓ All ages: STEP 1	✓ All ages: STEP 2	✓ All Ages: STEP 3; consider short course oral steroids option	✓ Age 0-4: STEP 3; short course oral steroids option  ✓ Age 5-11: STEP 3; STEP 4 short course oral steroids option  ✓ Age 12 & over: STEP 4 or 5; short course oral steroids option		
	TREATMENT FOR PERSISTENT ASTHMA:   Daily inhaled steroids (see treatment stepwise approach)  Assess response within 2-6 weeks  DR ALL PATIENTS WITH ASTHMA:   Rescue medication for all ages, all severity levels: Short-acting B2-agonist PRN. Treatment intensity depends on sympton					
Provide written Asthma Action Plan 🗍 Identify & avoid triggers 🧻 Flu vaccine recommended annually, pneumococcal vaccine for adults 🗍 Review correct device technique each visit						